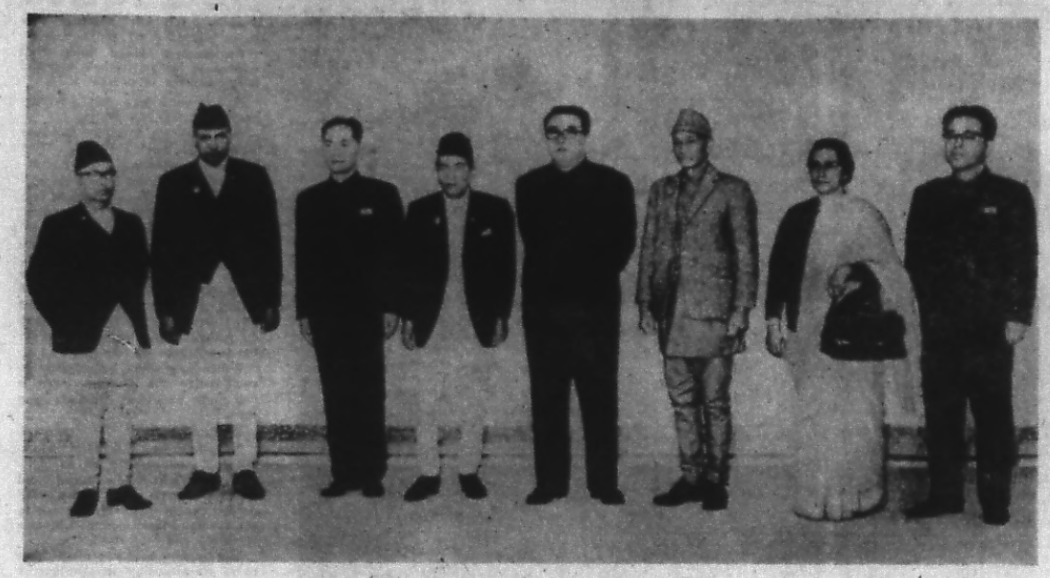
The Pyongyang Times

No. 6 (430) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1973 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA



The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses for a photograph with the friendship delegation of the State Council of the Kingdom of Nepal after reception

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Friendship Delegation of State Council of Kingdom of Nepal

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on January 29 the friendship delegation of the State Council of the Kingdom of Nepal on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Ranga Nath Sharma, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the State Council of the Kingdom of Nepal.

Also present were Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly; and Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a cordial and friendly talk with the guests.

His Excellency Etienne Eyadema

President of the Republic of Togo
Lome

I am very happy over the establishment of diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Togo and extend warm friendly greetings to Your Excellency.

The opening of the diplomatic relations between Korea and Togo is an epochal occasion in developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries onto a new, higher stage and a contribution to strengthening solidarity between the Asian and African peoples.

Convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries will further strengthen and develop in conformity with the desire and interests of the two peoples, I sincerely wish the Togo people new success in the struggle for the consolidation of national independence and the progress and prosperity of the country under the leadership of Your Excellency.

KIM IL SUNG

President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, February 3, 1973

TELEGRAMS

✦ On the occasion of the New Year 1973, Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received New Year's cards and messages of greetings from Comrade **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party, and Comrade **Stanko Todorov**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Bulgarian People's Republic; Comrade **Gustav Husak**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, and Comrade **Ludvik Svoboda**, President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic; Comrade **Josif Broz Tito**, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and Comrade **Dzemal Bijedic**, President of the Federal Executive Council of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; **Houari Boumedienne**, Chairman of the Council of Revolution and Prime Minister of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic; **Abdul Rahman Al-Eriani**, President of the Republican Council of the Yemen Arab Republic; **Ahmad Hassan Al-Bakr**, President of the Republic of Iraq; **Hafez Al Assad**, President of the Syrian Arab Republic; **Suleiman Franjieh**, President of the Republic of Lebanon; **Sirima R.D. Bandaranaike**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka; **Ahmed Zaki**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Maldives; and **Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah**, Emir of the State of Kuwait.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung** sent them New Year's cards and messages of greetings.

✦ The respected and beloved Leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung** and his wife Comrade **Kim Song Ae** received a New Year's card from Madame **Jochana Grotewohl** of the German Democratic Republic.

✦ A New Year's card came to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung** from **Michel Michombero**, President of the Republic of Burundi, and his wife.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung** and his wife Comrade **Kim Song Ae** sent them a New Year's card.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, the respected and beloved Leader, received messages from **Sangoule Lamizana**, President of the Republic of Upper Volta, and **Dominic Mintoff**, Prime Minister of the State of Malta, which warmly congratulated him on his election as President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Ton Duc Thang**, President of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, and Comrade **Pham Van Dong**, Premier of the Government of the DRVN; and a message of greetings to **Nguyen Huu Tho**, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Viet Nam National Front for Liberation and President of the Advisory Council of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam, and **Huynh Tan Phat**, President of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the RSVN, in connection with the signing of the "Agreement on Ending the War and Restoring Peace in Viet Nam" and the realization of ceasefire in the whole of Viet Nam.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

President of DPRK, Receives Credentials from New Ambassador of Romania to Korea

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on January 30 a letter of credence from Dumitru Popa, new Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Romanian Socialist Republic to our country.

Present on the occasion were Rim Chun Chu, Secretary of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK; Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs; and personages concerned. Diplomats of the RSR embassy in Pyongyang were also present.

After receiving the credentials the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a cordial and friendly conversation with the Ambassador.

24th Congress of Communist Party of Denmark Adopts Declaration to Central Committee of WPK

The 24th Congress of the Communist Party of Denmark which was held in Copenhagen between January 12 and 14 adopted a declaration to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, according to a report from Copenhagen.

The declaration says:

Dear Comrades,

The communists of Denmark always express active solidarity for the struggle of the Korean people to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country on the basis of the three principles of national reunification set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and for all the initiatives made by your Party for the reunification of the country.

We welcome the north-south talks going on to solve the question of the country's reunification on your initiative.

We know well that the U.S. imperialists hamper your efforts by keeping their aggressor troops in south Korea and further arming the south Korean puppet troops.

We demand that the U.S. imperialists stop their interference in the internal affairs of Korea, withdraw their troops from south Korea and immediately dissolve the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," a camouflage for covering up their aggressive machinations.

Meeting Held on 45th Anniversary of Founding of Newspaper Saenal, a Revolutionary Publication

A meeting was held at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre on February 1 in celebration of the 45th anniversary of the foundation of the newspaper **Saenal** (New Day), a revolutionary publication which was launched and guided in person by the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and which opened a new epoch of development of the revolutionary Marxist-Leninist press in our country.

Placed among fragrant flowers on the platform was a portrait of the respected and beloved Leader of our Party and people Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, a great Marxist-Leninist, the founder and guide of the revolutionary press in our country and the benevolent father of our journalists and editors.

Present at the meeting were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop; Rim Chun Chu, Secretary of the DPRK Central People's Committee; Chon Chang Chol, Secretary of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly; Kim Gyong In, Director of the Party History Institute of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; and responsible functionaries of press organs and men of the press in the city.

When the meeting was declared open, the band struck up "The Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Chong Jun Gi, Responsible Editor-in-Chief of **Rodong Sinmun** and Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists Union, delivered a report.

In his report he said that the newspaper **Saenal**, a revolutionary publication, was founded in January 1928 on the personal initiative of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as the organ of the Saenal Juvenile Union, a revolutionary organization of younger generation who struggled to defeat Japanese imperialism, restore the fatherland, destroy the old society and build a new society.

Its foundation, he stressed, was a historic event of epoch-making significance in the development of the Korean revolution and the Marxist-Leninist revolutionary press in our country.

The foundation of the newspaper meant the brilliant realization of the long-cherished aspiration of the Korean Communists and our people to have revolutionary Marxist-Lenlnist periodicals truly serving the communist movement and anti-Japanese national liberation struggle in our country, he declared.

Noting that the revolutionary press activities of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung always occupied an important place from the days of his early revolutionary activities, he said that the Leader, despite the pressure of time, carried on his energetic activities to publish the newspaper **Saenal**, personally writing, editing and mimeographing articles through sleepless nights.

He pointed out that Mother of Korea Mrs. Kang Ban Sok, an ardent communist and outstanding woman activist, and younger brother of the Leader Comrade Kim Chol Ju, an indomitable revolutionary fighter and staunch communist, energetically helped the Leader in his revolutionary work for the publication of the newspaper **Saenal**.

Referring to the undying revolutionary exploits performed by the newspaper **Saenal** founded and guided by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for the development of the Korean revolution and the revolutionary press in our country, he continued:

The newspaper splendidly played a mass organizer and propagandist's role in bringing the revolutionary masses to national and ciass awakening and powerfully rousing them to a struggle, guided by the great *Juche* idea of the Leader.

Under the meticulous and energetic guidance of the Leader the revolutionary press of our country vigorously took its first stride forward with the foundation of the newspaper **Saenal**, developed onto a higher plane with the publication of the monthly Samil Wolgan (March First), the organ of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, advanced along the brilliant road indicated by the Leader overcoming all adversities and difficulties and served as a reliable ideological standard-bearer in leading to victory the communist movement and anti-Japanese national liberation movement in Korea.

The great exploits performed by the revolutionary publications of our country in the struggle for the restoration of the fatherland is a brilliant fruition of the *Juche*-oriented, unique revolutionary idea on the press founded by the Leader in the early days of his revolutionary activities when he was publishing the newspaper **Saenal**, he noted, and continued:

In his early years when he was guiding the revolutionary press activities, the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said to the following effect:

...We must raise the consciousness of the masses so they may be keenly aware of the root cause of all the misfortunes of our people and struggle to defeat the Japanese scoundrels and build a society good to live in, where everyone enjoys freedom and happiness.

Speeches or performances are not enough to conduct this propaganda work.

Some people may not have an opportunity to hear the speeches or see the performances.

We must publish periodicals which a large number of people can read and study any time in order to sow the seeds kindling the fire of struggle in the hearts of all the Koreans....

(Continued on Page 2)

A Great Revolutionary Upsurge Effected in All Fields of the National Economy, True to the Leader's Teaching

A fresh revolutionary upswing is being effected daily in all fields of our national economy in faithfully implementing the programmatic tasks set forth by the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung in his speech at the First Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly and in his New Year address this year.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung instructed in the New Year address as follows:

"All the working people must valiantly get over all difficulties and obstacles and bring about a new, great revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction by giving a fuller scope to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and thus make the year 1973 a decisive year in the carrying out of the Six-Year Plan."

Bearing the Leader's programmatic teaching deep in their minds, the workers of the Chollima Anju Coal Mine are making an innovation in coal mining, the first process of industrial production, by dynamically struggling to increase the output. In so doing they have formed the "Sea-of-Blood" guards at the working faces at the beginning of this year, regarding the immortal classical masterpiece "Sea of Blood" as the textbook of revolutionization. (The "Sea of Blood" is a film version of the immortal classical drama "Sea of Blood" written and staged during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle. Through the film the coal miners recalled their bitter past as a ruined nation, realized the genuine truth of revolution and felt deep in their hearts that a revolutionary fighter of the Leader is a Communist who strives devotedly and unflinchingly in any circumstances to implement the revolutionary tasks given by the Leader. Thus, they have named the guards after the "Sea of Blood"—Ed.)

The members of the first tunneling platoon of the 8th pit at the Chollima Anju Coal Mine, who are "Sea-of-Blood" guards, finished their tasks for the first quarter year in 20 days in January and the first coal cutting company of the Ryongrim pit overfulfilled their plan for January, which was twice as great as that of the corresponding period last year. Innovations are being made by all platoons in the pits of the coal mine, with the result that the mine's average daily output now is about twice higher than in December last year.

This innovative endeavour started at the Chollima Anju Coal Mine calls forth response in all branches of our mining industry.

The Ryongdae Coal Mine, the Sanghwa Youth Coal Mine, the Musan Mine and many other enterprises have fulfilled the plan of January far ahead of schedule.

True to the programmatic teaching of the Leader on producing more tractors and trucks this year to accelerate the comprehensive mechanization of agriculture, the workers of the Kiyang Tractor Plant are effecting continual innovations with the attitude of masters of the revolution, with the "revolutionary spirit of April 25" (On April 25, 1932 the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung organized the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, the first revolutionary armed forces of the Korean people—Ed.) and with the "mettle of Kiyang."

This year the workers of this plant have set an audacious target of boosting the output of tractors by 2.5 times compared with last year's results. Through a vigorous struggle they fulfilled the January plan several days earlier than scheduled. During the month they turned out nearly three times as many tractors as they did in the same period last year.

The struggle for increased production is also going on in the automobile industry. A mass innovation movement is afoot in the Combined Sungri Automobile Plant to hit its target by October 10, the founding anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea. The target is 42 per cent higher than the output of last year. In January last the output of automobiles in this plant showed a 1.4-fold growth over the planned figure.

Great innovations are also being made by the socialist agricultural working people who have turned out in the struggle to bring about a bumper crop this year.

Many of the workteams of the cooperative farms in Muridok county situated in the Yoldusamcholli Plain, one of the granary of our country, are vigorously struggling to increase grain production, having formed the "Flower-Girl" guards on their fields, taking "A Flower Girl," the immortal classical masterpiece, as the textbook of revolutionization. (Through "A Flower Girl," a feature film version of the homonymous immortal classical drama produced and staged during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, the agricultural working people in the county looked back on their wretched life as homeless and landless people under the Japanese imperialist rule in the past and named their guards after "A Flower Girl," as a token of their firm determination to consolidate and develop the incomparably superior socialist system in our country established by the Leader and never to repeat such a slavery—Ed.)

All the agricultural working people in the county are effecting a great innovation in their farming preparations in order to attain their high goal of increasing grain production this year. In particular, many of the farming and the mechanizing workteams in the Ripsok, Tongsa and Ryongrim cooperative farms—"Flower-Girl" guards—are resolved to produce 9 to 10 tons of rice for every *chongbo* of the paddy-fields.

In this county, tractors and other farm machines and implements have been perfectly repaired and maintained and cold beds and seeds prepared, much earlier than usual. All the co-op farmers of the county are busy preparing good manure, the daily amount of which totals 15,000 tons throughout the county.

Innovations are also taking place in the Chollima Mangyongdae Cooperative Farm.

This farm has a plan of increasing the yield of paddy rice by one ton per *chongbo*, and of producing 250 tons of vegetable for every *chongbo*, and 3 tons of meat for every workteam. To hit this target without fail, they are working with the attitude of masters of the revolution, in the "way Mangyongdae farmers work."

In this way, they are pushing forward the farming preparations one month earlier than last year.

The "Sea-of-Blood" and "Flower-Girl" guards, the "mettle of Kiyang," the "revolutionary spirit of April 25" and the "way Mangyongdae farmers work"—these are sparks of great innovations touched off by the Leader's programmatic teachings which have grasped the hearts of the innovators, sparks now spreading across the country, bringing about a great revolutionary upswing.

"You Must Look After Your Men with Care"

Under the complex situation in the country following the liberation, Comrade Kim Il Sung made preparations for building a modern people's armed force to defend the independence and security of the country. He set up training centres for the national security forces as a base for founding a regular army and paid close attention to the direction of their work.

He went to training centre No. 2 on January 19, 1947.

Informed of the visit of the fatherly Leader who raised them as full-fledged guards of the country, the trainees, sons of once ill-clad, ill-fed, down-trodden poor workers and peasants, felt an immeasurable joy and excitement.

The weather was biting cold that day. But their spirit ran higher in training.

He arrived in the training centre. He highly praised its functionaries, seeing what they had done. He reviewed the parade of trainees, the first ever shown in the training centre, and gave instructions of programmatic significance in their education and life.

After the review he made his way to the newly-built study hall. He carefully saw its facilities and pictures on the walls and spoke to the functionaries:

"You must make the hall more handsome, so that the soldiers may come and read books, write letters to their families and enjoy pleasure, singing and playing musical instruments. You must have here more newspapers, magazines, books and musical instruments. It'll be good if you teach them about our natural resources and the successful construction of a democratic country.

This will be helpful toward their emotional education and education in patriotism. The disciplines and order of our army should be maintained resting on the lofty patriotic awareness of ranks and files, without recourse to force. The ardent lovers of the country observe discipline strictly."

Then he walked slowly for the ground where foot drill was being given to young boots. The spacious ground rang with the commanding voices of non-commissioned officers and sounds of steps of the recruits walking in line. It was severely cold, but the trainees were all of a sweat.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung aboard a naval vessel

He looked at the young soldiers walking full of vigor and spoke to the functionaries with satisfaction:

"This is a large ground. Do you remember your training in mountains in the past? Now our soldiers are drilled on a large ground like this. How excellent this is!"

He approached the young soldiers of a squad standing in line and showed them in person how to move hands and feet.

During the 15 years of anti-Japanese armed struggle he had trained the guerillas as fine revolutionaries, sharing sweets and bitters with them, and now he returned home and teaches the young recruits. Thinking of his lofty character, the soldiers felt their hearts swelling up.

He got at a soldier and touched his clothes, smoothing the wrinkles, like a mother who takes care of her dear children, attending to their wear. And he asked him.

"What time do you rise?"

"At six."

"Are you getting in well with the disciplinary life?"

"Yes, I feel nothing hard of it."

"Is it true? You live the group life for the first time. I think it'll be hard for you. But you must train yourself in the disciplinary life. This will make you a soldier who can fulfil his duty with credit."

He learned about the details of foot drill of soldiers and went to a company barrack.

The non-commissioned officer of the day, neat and quick, reported him at the entrance. Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly squeezed his hand and admired him, saying that the barrack was kept decent in difficulties.

He questioned him.

"Now, is the stove heated well?"

"Yes, it works good."

"You're using soft coal. It may smell bad. It's better to open window and take in the fresh air, when the heating was on."

"Yes, I'll do it."

Comrade Kim Il Sung closely studied the room fittings and told the company commander.

"How do your men dry their wet shoes when they come back from training?"

Asked the question, the company commander and other commanders present blushed and turned perplexed. They felt ashamed that they had not paid the slightest attention to such a matter, though they were living with the soldiers.

The company commander floundered, finding no words to answer. Then Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"You must look after your men with care. If you find their footwear wet, you must order the soldiers on duty to take and dry them and put neatly where they should be. Otherwise, your men will cause confusion, looking for their shoes when they get up and it might happen that some go barefoot to the morning roll-call, because they haven't found their shoes.

Commanders should think what will cause trouble to their men and take measures to prevent it."

The commanders felt more ashamed, hearing his words.

He cares even about the footwear of soldiers. What a deep affection he has for soldiers. Have we, commanders who should be their mother, ever cared about their wet footwear? Asking to themselves, they felt remorse.

Walking for the club, he continued to say:

"To make troops strong, you must keep rigorous disciplines and order. For the recruit, the first steps they take are very important. As regards this, you mustn't forget the importance of education.

Without giving education, you can't solve the problem, even if you make persistent demands upon them."

He continued:

"In education, it is very important that commanders set example. If they live in a disciplined and strained way, their men will do the same way. If they fail to set example, their men will become spiritless and lose heart.

You must bear in mind that every act of commanders influences their men in the life.

I emphasize once again that discipline marks the first step to strengthening the combat power of troops."

Strongly moved by the warmness and affection of the fatherly Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, who, regardless of penetrating cold, came to see them and personally taught them how to conduct foot drill and paid attention even to their shoes, the commanders and trainees firmly resolved to strive harder to maintain iron disciplines and order among themselves as the first step to increase their combat power and sweat much in training, true to his instructions, pledging themselves to become reliable guards of the country and revolutionary soldiers faithful to him.

"The Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle Organized and Led by Comrade KIM IL SUNG Is a Great Struggle Shining Brightly in the Revolutionary History of the World"

—Response of the World People to the Glorious Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle—

The glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, is arousing ever-growing response among many revolutionary peoples and friends in the world.

They speak highly of the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as "a great struggle shining brightly in the revolutionary history of the world," "a living example which shows methods of struggle and fighting experiences to all the revolutionary peoples engaged in struggle."

Antonio Rubillo, General Secretary of the Self-Determination and Independence Movement of Canary Islands, said, "Already in the days of his early revolutionary activity, the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung made a scientific analysis of the situations at home and abroad and developments of the international communist and working-class movements, and on this basis, he created the original idea of *Juche* and formulated *Juche*-motivated lines for the Korean revolution, which have served as a beacon brightly lighting the path of the revolution, and led the Korean people straight to victory.

"Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, personally organized and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle under the revolutionary banner of the immortal *Juche* idea, defeated the piratic Japanese imperialists and won the great cause of national liberation.

"It is not until the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of Korea, started his revolutionary activities that the country, which had long suffered an eclipse on the world map, and which had been a colony of Japanese imperialism, began to shine, bringing light all over the world transcending the bounds of the East.

"That was the light of the *Juche* idea, the torchlight of struggle to destroy the last stronghold of Japanese imperialism. That was the ray of hope, joy and emotion which led the Korean people to glory and national liberation."

The Egyptian paper **Al-Akhbar** pointed out, "The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung was a creative struggle for putting his great *Juche* idea into revolutionary practice, a great revolutionary struggle for independence of the country and liberation of the people and a glorious struggle that created the shining revolutionary traditions, the source of strength for the Korean revolution both at present and in the future."

A friend in Cuba remarked:

"The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by the outstanding Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung was a great struggle that brightened the world history.

"His line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle was the only correct line of struggle. The struggle was an arduous armed struggle fought for 15 long years, not one or two years, with no equal in the history of any other country. The Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army of the Korean people won the protracted arduous struggle, without any rear in the homeland or foreign aid."

The letter to the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung from the "Study Group of *Juche* Idea, the Great Revolutionary Idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of African students in Europe, stressed, "The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged by you is the first of its kind fought in colonies for national and social emancipation guided by Marxism-Leninism and has a great significance in promoting the world revolution."

An ex-member of the Permanent Secretariat of the Latin-American University Students' Organization said, "Indeed, the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the world revolution, was a great struggle to be inscribed in golden letters in the history of world's national liberation struggle. It was a brilliant struggle which gives boundless inspiration and confidence in victory to all the oppressed peoples fighting arms in hand against the oppression of the U.S.-led imperialists. ...The anti-Japanese armed struggle serves as a paragon for the people fighting for liberty and happiness. The struggle experience is, indeed, priceless for the revolutionary struggle today."

A member of the Asian and African Affairs Institute in Japan said, "The original theory on building the people's armed forces elucidated by Comrade Kim Il Sung and the glorious revolutionary traditions created by him are not the wealth of the Korean people alone. The revolutionary traditions are also of a great significance to the nations under violent oppression of the U.S.-led imperialists and colonialists and other oppressed nations and are precious to all other nations and peoples."

A friend in Peru emphasized, "The anti-Japanese armed struggle led by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a living and typical example of the revolutionary struggle guided by Marxism-Leninism. Certainly, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people, was born for the cause of the Korean revolution and world revolution."

A representative of the Guatemalan revolutionary organization in Havana said, "The anti-Japanese armed struggle of the Korean people provided us revolutionaries with rich experiences and lessons. That is why the Latin-American peoples fighting for national liberation and independence from the colonial yoke of the U.S. imperialists are learning from his attainments in the struggle for practical application.

As seen above, the revolutionary peoples and friends the world over are expressing the deepest trust and respect for the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, who organized the anti-Japanese armed struggle and led it to a shining victory and is making great contributions to the international communist and working-class movements.

Cha Sang Muk

(Continued from Page 1)

The Leader gave scientific answers to the position and role of the press in the revolutionary struggle and the questions of establishing *Juche* in the press activities and always paying primary attention to the propagation of the monolithic ideology and closely linking the class line with mass line and the other matters arising in the revolutionary press activities. Thus he propounded the most steadfast *Juche*-oriented, revolutionary theory on the press and developed and enriched the Marxist-Leninist theory on the press from a new angle.

The reporter said that the ideological system of *Juche* firmly established by the newspaper **Saenal** and other revolutionary publications founded and guided by the respected and beloved Leader applying the *Juche*-oriented, revolutionary idea on the press during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and their undying revolutionary exploits and precious experiences became an infinitely precious revolutionary wealth and historic roots for the press of our Party.

The great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung personally founded in good time **Rodong Sinmun**, the organ of the Central Committee of the Party, and many other publications, the news agency and radio on the basis of these deep and strong root, after liberation and devoted all his wisdom and energies to their development, he added.

Pointing out that following liberation the publications of our Party have made immortal exploits that will shine long in the history of the country, he continued:

This is a result of the wise leadership and paternal solicitude of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution and founder and guide of the press of our Party.

He, representing the feelings of ardent loyalty of the entire journalists and editors, extended highest honour and deepest thanks to the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, founder and guide of the press of our Party and the benevolent father of our journalists and editors, and sincerely wished him good health and a long life.

Pointing out that the programmatic instructions given by the Leader in his historic speech at the First Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly give a clear-cut orientation to the press of our Party, he declared:

The press of our Party should always strenuously and preferentially carry on the work for establishing the monolithic ideological system of the Party, the important problem which decides the success of the revolution and construction, and energetically conduct press activities for forcefully expediting the socialist construction of the country and thus serve as a reliable ideological standard-bearer of the Party in the efforts to successfully capture both the ideological and material fortresses of socialism and communism.

The meeting closed with a chorus of the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader."

The meeting was followed by an art performance.

The Juche Idea and Its Vitality (8)

Great Victory of Juche Idea in Realm of Ideological Revolution

One of the most splendid victories our people have achieved by brilliantly materializing the *Juche* idea under the wise guidance of the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung is the fundamental change brought about in their ideological life and in their way of thinking.

Our respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"The establishment of *Juche* in ideology is a great victory in the realm of the ideological revolution; it has freed our people from the shackles of obsolete ideas which poisoned their consciousness of national independence." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. V, Eng. ed., p. 502.)

The establishment of *Juche* in ideology is a great event in the domain of ideological revolution; it has extricated our people from the fetters of flunkeyism toward big powers, national nihilism, conservatism and other types of outdated ideas which had long impaired their consciousness of national independence.

The establishment of *Juche* in ideology is the legitimate requirement of the ideological revolution.

The carrying out of the ideological revolution is an important revolutionary task to emancipate the working people completely from the shackles of bourgeois ideas and all the other outdated ideas and equip them with the revolutionary ideas of the working class, the revolutionary ideas of its leader.

The great *Juche* idea is the genuinely revolutionary ideology of the working class that fully reflects its class interests; it runs counter to dogmatism, flunkeyism, national nihilism, national chauvinism, restorationism and all other reactionary opportunist trends of ideology.

It is an immortal creative ideology that clearly indicates the scientific way of freeing the working people from the shackle of obsolete ideas.

The establishment of *Juche* in ideology is, therefore, the law-governed demand of the ideological revolution intended to root out all sorts of obsolete ideas which poison the consciousness of national independence and to arm all the working people with the revolutionary ideas of the working class.

The question of completely eliminating flunkeyism, national nihilism, dogmatism and other old ideas and the old way of thinking assumed particular importance in our ideological revolution.

Flunkeyism and dogmatism were the harmful ideas that had deeply been embedded in the minds of our people over a long period of history.

They were a social bane which paralysed the creative energy and independence of our people and worked great harm to our Party and the development of the revolution.

The complete eradication of flunkeyism and dogmatism, therefore, posed as a vital issue on which depend the prosperity of our nation and the success of our revolution and construction.

The important question confronting our revolution was solved splendidly by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who originated the *Juche* idea and organized and led a vigorous struggle for its victory.

Flunkeyism, national nihilism and dogmatism which had long marred the national sagacity, courage and consciousness of independence of our people, have been chiefly eliminated as ideological trends and a fundamental change has taken place in their way of thinking and ideological life.

This can be seen, above all, from the fact that the practice of despising what is native and worshipping foreign things unconditionally has disappeared among our working people and that the consciousness of national independence and pride has been predominant in their ideological life and in their way of thinking.

Flunkeyism, national nihilism and dogmatism represent the obsolete ideological viewpoint and way of thinking which make people depend on others in their ideological life, whereas the consciousness of national independence is the revolutionary viewpoint and way of thinking which render it possible for people to use their own heads in their life, particularly, think in accordance with the revolutionary ideas of an outstanding leader of the working class.

Today our people have become the independent people who, freed completely from the shackles of the outdated ideas, use their own brains in their life, that is to say, think according to the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution who has won the infinite respect and confidence of the revolutionary people the world over. They have become the dignified people who take strong, national pride in making revolution with him as the great Leader.

This is a great change and event that have taken place in the ideological life of our people and in their way of thinking.

This fundamental change brought about in the ideological life and way of thinking through the struggle to establish *Juche* in ideology is to be seen from the fact that the spirit of depending on others has completely disappeared among our working people and the revolutionary trait of relying on their own efforts has been firmly established among them.

The spirit of depending on others is a manifestation of the servile spirit, the spirit of following others submissively. The spirit of relying on one's own efforts is the communist revolutionary trait—the spirit of making revolution with one's own efforts.

Our Party under the wise guidance of the Leader waged an untiring struggle to establish *Juche* in ideology, thoroughly repudiating the tendency to follow others submissively and depend on them in the ideological life. As a result, the servile spirit has been smashed and the revolutionary trait of relying on their own efforts, the trait of solving all problems on their own, has been firmly established among the working people.

The fundamental change in the ideological life of our working people and in their way of thinking is that they have been extricated from the fetter of every outdated, unscientific way of thinking and have found the revolutionary, scientific way of thinking, the way of thinking of high level.

Flunkeyism, national nihilism and dogmatism represent the old and unscientific way of thinking, whereas the *Juche* idea constitutes the genuinely revolutionary, scientific way of thinking—the way of thinking of high level.

Our Party unfolded an energetic struggle to oppose dogmatism, flunkeyism and other old way of thinking and establish *Juche* in ideology and freed our people from the shackles of all kinds of obsolete, unscientific way of thinking. Thus the truly revolutionary, scientific way of thinking based on the *Juche* idea has set foot among our people.

As seen above, the fundamental change has indeed been effected in the ideological, spiritual life of our people and in their way of thinking through the struggle to establish *Juche* in ideology.

This is the source of invincible spiritual might which gives the fullest play to the revolutionary enthusiasm and creative energy of our people in the practical struggle for the revolution and construction, and it is a great victory in the domain of the ideological revolution.

Kang Jong Sok

Invincible Is the Korean People's Army under the Wise Leadership of the Leader

Hammer or Sickle in One Hand, Rifle in the Other!

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The workers, farmers and all other working people should continually keep themselves in readiness to annihilate the aggressors anywhere they may attack, at the same time that they should accelerate socialist construction, with a hammer or sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other."

Today all the working people in our country are launching an intense battle to increase production on the two fronts of economic construction and defence building with the high honour and boundless emotion of having elected the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as President of the DPRK.

In hearty response to the Leader's instruction that all the people should arm and master military affairs, the members of the Red Worker-Peasant Guards unit of the factory where Comrade Kang Bok Gum works got excellent marks in last year's national military-training test and are intensifying their combat and political training, following up their proud success.

In production, too, they hit their targets for three years of the Six-Year Plan before October 10 last year. In the current year they set themselves a higher goal and continue advancing with vim and vigour to attain it.

The men of the Red Worker-Peasant Guards unit of the cooperative farm where Comrade Li Nak Yong works are all striving hard, firmly determined to chalk up new signal results in military drill and in production.

It happened during the ball firing a few days ago when they exhibited "a hundred per cent in bull's-eyes" marksmanship they refined through day-to-day practice.

All did shooting with honours—a brilliant victory for them. They gathered at a place to share their joy. A girl member spoke, "Comrades, I propose to acquit ourselves well both in our training and immediate farming with the same spirit as we displayed in winning excellent results in today's shooting practice. Let us bring about another bumper harvest this year as a gift of our loyalty to the Leader."

The others evinced their resolve after her.

Our rural position is quite secure because people like them stand firm on the agricultural front of the Party, with a sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other.

The people all over the country are full of such high spirits, such fiery determination and such great vigour.

Today the U.S. imperialists are engrossed in their preparations for a new war in Korea, obstructing its independent, peaceful reunification and even drawing the Japanese militarists into south Korea But this is ludicrous enough.

Always impregnable is our country where the people rose up, holding tight a hammer or sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other, in accordance with the great idea of self-defence advanced by the Leader.

Kim In Gyu

Close Ties between Armymen and People

The unit of the Korean People's Army to which Comrade Kim Do Chan belongs is stationed near the village where Comrade O Mun Kyu works. The traditional spirit of unity between the army and people is displayed ever fuller among the unit's men and the people in the village.

Our respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us:

"The People's Army should serve the country and the people, and the entire people should love and aid the People's Army; our soldiers and the people should further develop the traditional spirit of unity between the army and people, and, in case of emergency, should closely unite in a body as true revolutionary comrades and fight with single-hearted devotion, to safeguard our country and our socialist gains, sharing life and death, joys and sorrows."

True to the fatherly Leader's teaching, the village folks love and help soldiers of the unit like their brothers.

They call at the unit in holidays and on other occasions and often invite the soldiers to their village to enjoy art performances and celebrations with them.

The soldiers, too, actively aid the villagers in the farming work.

It happened last spring. The farmers started a project to consolidate the embankment of the Chongnyon-chon River in its two-kilometre long sector, responding to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung's call for anti-flood measures, which was made at the Second Congress of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea. Informed of the news, soldiers of the unit came to their help, though they were busy about their military task. They took upon themselves the most difficult work to remove an enormous amount of earth.

As hours passed, the construction site bustled more and more with the soldiers and farmers, turning out a moving scene of unity between the servicemen and civilians. The farmers tried their best caring for the soldiers, the soldiers strove the hardest for the farmers. Their revolutionary passion for labour ran high. The project, which had been considered to take some ten days, was completed in only two days.

Just a few days ago, the servicemen came again to the village and gave a helping hand to the bereaved families of martyrs and soldiers' families which belong to Chollima workteam No. 6 of the co-op farm.

Our armymen and people are closely united with each other, happily living in the embrace of the Leader.

Pak Jong Gu

One-beats-a-hundred sentinel vigilantly guarding the impregnable defence line of the socialist fatherland

The Korean People's Army trained into one-beats-a-hundred army ready to knock down any aggressors at a blow

Colourful Functions Held on 25th Birthday of Heroic Korean People's Army

Colourful functions were held in all parts of the country to observe the 25th anniversary of the founding of the heroic Korean People's Army.

Factories, enterprises, co-operative farms, schools and residential quarters had lectures, talks and other cultural events to acquaint the people with the glorious struggle waged by the heroic Korean People's Army under the wise leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

Group visits were made to Mangyongdae, a historic place dear to the hearts of the Korean people, the Ponghwa revolutionary historic site, the Korean Revolution Museum, the Chonsung historic site and the Fatherland Liberation War Memorial.

There were also get-togethers, talks, film shows, performances of art circles, group races, athletic contests for physical preparation for national defence and skaters competitions.

The tombs of the revolutionary martyrs and the war dead were trimmed better on this occasion.

Meetings and talks with the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters, Heroes of the DPRK and model combatants were organized at factories, enterprises, co-operative farms, schools, cultural organs and residential quarters.

Theatres, cinema houses and mass culture houses invited the People's Armymen, bereaved families of the revolutionary martyrs and the war dead, families of the servicemen and the honoured wounded soldiers to film shows and art performances.

Working people, youth and students sent letters and gifts to the soldiers.

The units of the People's Army and People's Constabulary had celebrations.

Educational work was organized in the units to arm the soldiers firmly with the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and train them as guard detachments and death-defying corps boundlessly faithful to him.

Participating in colourful functions, our soldiers were firmly determined to be one-beats-a-hundred, revolutionary fighters true to the Leader.

Korean People's Army Is Self-Defensive, Revolutionary Armed Forces

The Korean People's Army was founded on February 8, 1948 under the direct guidance of the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

Today our people greet the significant 25th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army, with a sense of great honour of having elected the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the Presidency of the Republic and amid a fresh revolutionary upswing effected on all fronts of socialist construction in carrying out the programmatic tasks set forth by him in his historic report to the Fifth Party Congress, his speech at the First Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly and his New Year address.

Although the Korean People's Army was organized as a regular army after liberation, its honourable history dates back to April 25, 1932 when Comrade Kim Il Sung formed the glorious anti-Japanese armed forces.

The Korean People's Army is the heir to the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle; it was organized with the revolutionary fighters trained in the anti-Japanese armed struggle as its backbone and with the fine sons and daughters of the workers, peasants and other working people of the liberated homeland.

It is the revolutionary armed forces of our Party, an army that defends with lives the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, its founder and commander and the brain and heart of the Korean revolution, that firmly safeguards the revolutionary gains and fights for national reunification and the final victory of the Korean revolution, under his unitary leadership.

The invincibility of our People's Army and the decisive guarantee for all its victories lie precisely in the fact that it has grown from the deep roots of the brilliant revolutionary traditions created by the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung in the anti-Japanese armed struggle and that it advances on the road of revolution under his wise leadership.

Under the personal guidance and paternal care of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, it has performed shining exploits which will be left in the revolutionary history of our people, during the past 25 years.

In the period of peaceful construction, it solidly defended the revolutionary democratic base in the northern half of the Republic and creditably protected the creative labour of our people for the building of a new country from the manoeuvres of aggression and subversion by the enemies within and without.

Under the wise leadership of the Leader during the Fatherland Liberation War (1950-53), the officers and men of the People's Army bravely fought, displaying mass heroism and peerless patriotic devotion, and defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors, who had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world, and honourably defended the independence of the fatherland and the gains of the revolution. It was tempered in the raging flames of the war.

In the postwar period, too, it has kept the defence line impregnable, frustrating enemy's manoeuvres of aggression and war provocation at every step and defended with honour the cause of our Party and people for the socialist revolution and construction.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us:

"Carrying out our Party's policy, we did a tremendous work to strengthen the People's Army, arm all the people and fortify the entire country, thus creating our own defence power strong enough to guarantee the security of our homeland against enemy invasion." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. V, Eng. ed., p. 431.)

The heroic Korean People's Army and the entire people have now splendidly carried out the military line of the Workers' Party of Korea, a line of self-defence which is the embodiment of the great *Juche* idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung in military field and the keynote of which consists in making the whole army an army of cadres, modernizing all its arms and services, arming all the people and turning the entire country into a fortress. They have also excellently developed the traditional noble traits of unity between army and people and unity between officers and men.

The Korean People's Army is permeated with the monolithic ideological system of the Party.

All the soldiers are solidly equipped with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung and closely united around him with a single idea and will; they are burning with loyalty to the Leader, ready to defend him politically and ideologically at the risk of their lives at any time and place and to fight to the last drop of their blood if it means executing his orders and instructions.

All the officers and men of the People's Army have a strong class consciousness of hating the enemy bitterly and fighting to the last for the country and people. They are ready to fight and smash any hostile surprise attack with staunch revolutionary spirit and with the united strength of the commanders and men and the concerted efforts of the army and people.

All the servicemen are adequately prepared in military technique to carry out the job of a higher grade and more in case of emergency, and all the arms and services are fully provided with up-to-date weapons and combat and technical equipment.

Along with the revolutionary veterans who directly participated in the anti-Japanese armed struggle, tens of thousands of veterans of the last war have augmented the ranks of the army's revolutionary backbone. The rank and file has also been constantly replenished and qualitatively strengthened with those young people who were educated in the embrace of the Leader after liberation and equipped with profound scientific knowledge.

With the thorough realization of the line of putting all the people under arms and of fortifying the whole country, all the people are now in arms and strongly prepared both politically and militarily, and the whole country has been turned into an impregnable fortress.

Greeting the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army, our people and the servicemen express the warmest thanks and highest honour to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who personally organized the army and trained it into an invincible armed forces of revolution as we see today.

The north-south joint statement was published in our country on the basis of the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—the principles set forth by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. This has brought about north-south contacts and opened up a bright perspective for the reunification of the country.

Our Party's policy on independent, peaceful national reunification defined by the Leader and all the successes made in its implementation enjoy an ardent support of the progressive people of the world, to say nothing of the entire Korean people.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors, however, not only refuse to pull out of south Korea even after the announcement of the joint statement, but keep desperately trying to realize their ambition of aggression on the whole of Korea.

Under the pretext of "backing up" the north-south talks, they have brought new-type destroyers and up-to-date lethal weapons and combat equipment and turned them over to the south Korean army for unleashing another war in Korea, while herding out their own aggressive troops and the south Korean armymen into ceaseless, powder-reeking war exercises.

They are actively encouraging Japanese militarism's reinvasion of south Korea in an attempt to realize their machination for a new war in Korea.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"We must continue to thoroughly implement the Party's military line, the main content of which is to turn the entire army into an army of cadres, modernize it from top to bottom, arm all the people and fortify the whole country, and make the nation's defences impregnable so as to promptly crush any aggressive acts of the imperialists and firmly defend the security of the country and the people and our socialist gains." (Let Us Further Strengthen the Socialist System of Our Country," Eng. ed., p. 57.)

Today the heroic Korean People's Army and the entire people are aflame with their determination to implement more thoroughly our Party's military line of self-defence set forth by the Leader and to defend with lives the Party, the Leader and the socialist fatherland from enemy aggression.

With whatever manoeuvres of war and aggression, the U.S. imperialists will not be able to frighten the Korean people.

The heroic Korean People's Army and the entire people will never tolerate their manoeuvres of aggression.

The U.S. imperialists should face the reality squarely and withdraw at once, taking all the man-killing weapons with them and the Japanese militarists should not lay obstacles in the way of our national reunification and should desist right away from their manoeuvres of reinvasion of south Korea.

If the U.S. imperialists persist in their reckless acts, instead of quitting south Korea, they will be finally defeated by the dynamic struggle of the Korean people who have turned out for an independent peaceful reunification of their country under the banner of the great idea of *Juche* and will incur the unanimous condemnation by the revolutionary peoples the world over.

Victory and glory alone are in store for our people and the Korean People's Army, a match-for-a-hundred army, who are under the wise leadership of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and gifted military strategist.

Revolutionary opera from the immortal classic SEA OF BLOOD

(Continued from Issue No 3)

Act III

SCENE 1

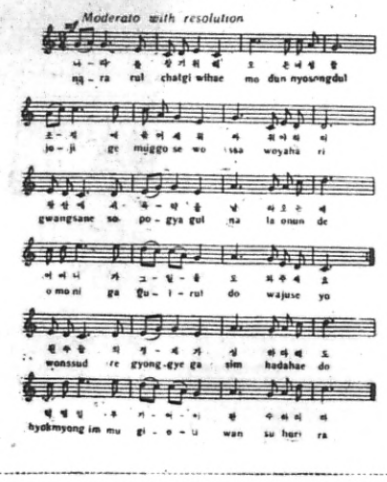
Time: Early summer, a few months later.
Place: A mountain lane.
As the chorus begins to sing, mother is seen walking down the path.

Chorus:
You women must not forget
The cruelty of capitalist society.
Deprived of all your rights
It's blighted your red flower of youth.

Arise, women, all our friends!
Take up the gun to destroy
The bourgeois institutions
And win rights equal to men.

Cho Dong Chun enters and meets mother. She hands him a piece of paper. Cho Dong Chun takes it and reads it.
Cho Dong Chun: Thanks for your help.
Mother: A branch of the Women's Association is now active in the village of Komsu-gol where I've been today.

Cho Dong Chun:
Let's unite all women in our organization
And fight together to restore the country.
We've got to get explosives out of the mine.
Will you help us, mother?

We'll Do Anything to Fulfil Our Revolutionary Tasks
혁명임무 기어이 완수하리라
hyokmyong immu gioi wansuharira

Mother:
I'll do anything if it's for the revolution.
Cross a sea of fire to carry out my task.
Torn with the sorrow of losing our country.
United we women will fight.

Duet:
However vigilant the enemy may be,
We'll do anything to fulfil our revolutionary tasks.

Cho Dong Chun and the mother leave. Pok Dol's mother appears, carrying a crying baby in her arms.

Pok Dol's mother:
My baby cries from hunger.
Your tears bitter won't bring back father,
Killed by the wicked Japanese.
Don't cry, my baby. Don't cry.
Your tears rend my heart.

A group of women enter.
Women:
What brought us to this barren place,
Leaving our dear homeland behind?
Impoverished and humiliated,
We don't know how we'll survive.

Mother enters and sees the women. Chil Song's mother and other women appear.
Mother: Where's his father?
Pok Dol's mother:
Destitute by the loss of my husband,
I raise my little ones alone in this world of strife.
Sorrow and adversity are all I know.
Often I think of taking my life.

Chil Song's mother:
To beat down the malicious Japanese
And vent my hatred this minute!
Chil Song's & Pok Dol's mothers:
Oppressed and humiliated,
How can we match the Japanese invaders?

The women squat round the mother and Chil Song's mother.
Mother: We have enough strength.

A branch of bush clover snaps with ease,
But a big tree cannot be broken.
All women united in strength,
Can defeat any enemy.

Mother:
Though sand on the river bank may be loose,

Women:
Though sand on the river bank may be loose,

Mother:
A rock at the foot of the mountain cannot be moved.

Women:
A rock at the foot of the mountain cannot be moved.

Chorus:
All women united in strength,
Can defeat any enemy.

A branch of bush clover snaps with ease,
But a big tree cannot be broken.
All women united in strength,
Can defeat any enemy.

The stage dims amid the chorus.

SCENE 2

As the stage becomes light, a water mill is seen to one side. Behind the mill are a chain of mountains. Girls are milling and winnowing grain to send to the guerrillas. They start singing and dancing.

Girls:
The village dances with apricot flowers.
The brook flows into the mill.
Who will get the rice we are cleaning?
It's for the guerrilla fighters.
Oh, water mill, go round and round.
Clean the rice quickly, grain by grain,
And send them our support.

The cuckoo cries in the nearby hill
Telling us to hurry up.
The uniforms sewn stitch by stitch
Will be the guerrillas' armour.
Let's send them quickly
They carry our support.
Let's send them quickly.

The commander of the armed youth corps enters accompanied by a group of young people.
A.Y.C. commander: Comrades, the weapons have come. The organization has instructed us to consult the chairman of the Women's Association about bringing out the explosives.

Girls:
Who is the Women's Association chairman?
Who is the Women's Association chairman?
We wonder which village she comes from?
Who can she be?

Who can be the Women's Association chairman of Sangdong village?

Pyoljae village elder: (Enters.) Look, here comes the representative from Women's Association.
Mother and other women enter.
Pyoljae village elder: The organization has instructed us to consult Kap Sun's mother, chairman of the Women's Association.
Kap Sun: Mother! (Throwing herself into her mother's arms.)
Girls: Mother!

Women:
Always warm-hearted is Kap Sun's mother,
Truly one of the people.
She's chairman now of the Women's Association of Sangdong village.

Ung Pal: (Rushing in.) The village head's approaching, the swine.

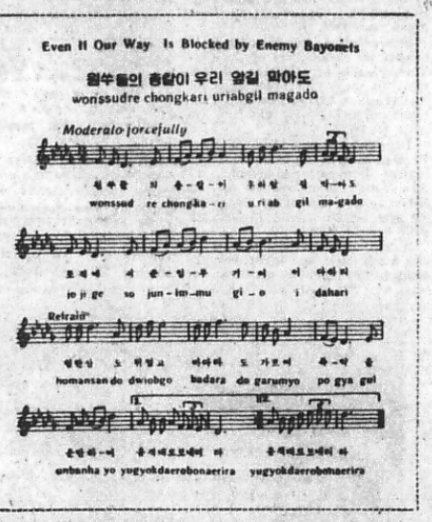
The mother exits with the other women. When the village head enters and is about to trail the mother, Ung Pal suddenly appears.
Ung Pal: How do you do, Mr. village head?
Village head: From now on, I'm the chief of the self-defence corps. Understand?
Ung Pal: Oh, you've had a sudden promotion, sir?
Village head: Ung Pal, if you're faithful to me, you too, can get ahead in life.
Ung Pal: Mr. village head, no, Mr. chief of the self-defence corps. No one in Sangdong village would dare disobey you. When you die, they'll erect a big stone monument in your memory.
Village head: Why, you insect, I don't want to die now. Look here, young man. What do you think of Kap Sun's mother?
Ung Pal: Kap Sun's mother? Huh! She's just an ignorant woman who only thinks about feeding her kids.
Village head: You might be able to fool God, but not me.

(Looking around suspiciously.)
Let's have a confidential talk.
What about joining the self-defence corps?
If you do, no more farming—
No more forced labour.
You'll get food and clothing.
Just do your job well, and you'll get a bonus.
Nice little offer, why not join us?
A golden opportunity open just for you,
You, a poor humble farmer.
Give up farm work now—it's such a bore—
And join the self-defence corps!

Ung Pal:
Mr. village head—oh no, Mr. chief of the self-defence corps,
So, I'm now climbing the ladder of success.
Let's go to my house and have a drink.
I will treat you, then you treat me.
Let's go have a drink—it will make my head spin.
Countless are tiny stars in the blue sky.
And my heart aches with sorrow.
Come on, let's go.
The mere thought of wine
And I'm drunk with happiness.
Arirang, Arirang, Arariyo,
Here's the Arirang pass I'm crossing.
Countless are tiny stars in the blue sky.
And my heart aches with sorrow.

Ung Pal goes off leading the village head. The girls return and burst out laughing as they watch the men retreat.
Mother: Our Women's Association has decided to tackle the problem of the explosives.
A.Y.C. commander: Comrade Women's Association chairman, the owner of the mine has gotten wise to the missing explosives and called in some garrison troops to keep a sharp lookout.
Mother:

Even if our way is blocked by enemy bayonets,
We must fulfil the organization's task.
We'll carry the explosives to the guerrillas
Even crossing steep mountains and rough seas.

Even If Our Way Is Blocked by Enemy Bayonets
원수들의 총칼이 우리 앞길 막아도
wonssudre chongkari uriabgil magado

Chorus:
Oppressed and exploited,
Deprived of our rights,
We women will fight with one mind and will.
We'll carry the explosives to the guerrillas,
Even crossing steep mountains and rough seas.

—Curtain—

(To Be Continued)

New Constitution of DPRK Is Truly Revolutionary and Excellent
Socialist Constitution Based on Great Juche Idea

The Socialist Constitution of the DPRK, drawn personally by Comrade Kim Il Sung, a great Marxist-Leninist and genius of revolution, and adopted at the First Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly, enjoys the enthusiastic support and welcome of the entire Korean people and is evoking great repercussions in the world.

The establishment of the new Socialist Constitution marks a great, happy event in the life of our people and a historic epochal event in the development of our revolution.

With the adoption of the Socialist Constitution our people came to firmly fix by law the great successes and achievements made in our socialist revolution and socialist construction under the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea and have a solid legal guarantee for consolidating in a truly revolutionary way the principles of political, economic and cultural activities in our socialist society and dynamically accelerating the complete victory of socialism and the independent reunification of the country.

(1)

The Socialist Constitution gives a legal summarization of achievements in our socialist revolution and construction and defines the essential nature and superiority of the socialist system, reflecting the demand of the development of the socialist society.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The new Socialist Constitution correctly reflects the achievements made in the socialist revolution and building of socialism in our country, defines the principles to govern the activities in the political, economic and cultural fields in socialist society and the basic rights and duties of the citizens, and stipulates the composition and functions of the State organs and the principles of their activities. It is to protect by law the socialist system and the dictatorship of the proletariat established in the northern half of the Republic and to serve the revolutionary cause of the working class."

The new Constitution stipulates in an all-round way the character and duties of the State and the principles governing its activities in conformity with the development of the revolution.

It declares that our Republic is an independent socialist State and clarifies that its sovereignty rests with the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals and that the power of the Republic which has inherited the shining revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle takes the immortal *Juche* idea as the only guide-line of its activities and has the basic revolutionary task to win the complete victory of socialism in the northern half, expel foreign forces on a nation-wide scale and achieve the independent reunification of the country as the executor of the lines and policies of our Party.

This indicates that our Republic which was built and is guided by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung will advance for ever, holding aloft the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea and is a powerful weapon of revolution in the struggle to bring the *Juche* idea into full bloom in this land.

The new Constitution stipulates that the power of the Republic enforces the dictatorship of the proletariat, carries through the class and mass lines in its activities, gives priority to work with people in all matters, as required by the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method and holds fast to the Chollima movement, our Party's general line in socialist construction, thus powerfully pushing ahead with both the communist education and remoulding of the working people and economic construction.

The new Constitution stipulates the mission of the revolutionary armed forces of the Republic, the national defence policy of the Republic drawn on the principle of self-defence and its foreign policy based on the principles of complete equality and independence, Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

Further, it fixes legally the shining achievements in the building of an independent national economy in our country and gives a full clarification to the principles governing our socio-economic life.

It defines the socialist ownership of the means of production as the economic foundation of the Republic and clarifies the character of labour, the principles governing the working life and the socialist principle of distribution in our society. It sets it as the supreme principle governing the activity of the power of the Republic to steadily improve the material and cultural standards of the people.

The new Constitution legally fixes the genuine political freedom and rights and the happy life of our people. It stipulates that the maximum political rights and freedom are ensured for the entire people in order to make them participate directly in the State administration and politics of the country and freely conduct social and political activity and that the citizens' rights and duties are based on the collectivist principle.

Stipulated in the new Socialist Constitution are the composition and duties of the State organs and the principles of their activity to suit the actual conditions of the development of the revolution.

Our power organs are composed of representatives of the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals; they protect the interests of the working people and fight for the people's freedom and welfare. Under the new Socialist Constitution the People's Committees, the power organs, are separated from administrative bodies, and the former are to perform the function of exercising day-to-day supervision and control over the latter's activities, so that the functionaries of the administrative bodies are able to do away with bureaucracy in their work and serve the people better as their servants.

The new Constitution sets up the system of President, reflecting the unanimous desire of our people to be for ever under the unitary leadership of the great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, having him as the President of the Republic and stipulates that the Central People's Committee headed by the President is the supreme guiding organ of the State power.

Under the new Socialist Constitution we have the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly as its permanent body, the Administration Council as the administrative and executive body of the highest organ of power and the Ministries as an executive departmental body of the Administration Council.

The new system of the State organs and the principles of their activity, as clarified in the Socialist Constitution, are a powerful system of the State organs of the proletarian dictatorship and the principles of their activity, which make it possible to powerfully accelerate the complete victory of socialism and the independent reunification of the country by thoroughly ensuring the unitary guidance of the Leader and giving full play to the inexhaustible creative ingenuity of the masses of people who are rallied rock-firm around him.

(2)

The new Constitution is a truly revolutionary and superior socialist Constitution splendidly embodying the great *Juche* idea of the Leader.

The *Juche* idea is the basic guiding idea running through the new Constitution.

All the systems laid down in it and all its provisions—the principles of political, economic and cultural activities in socialist society, the basic rights and duties of the citizens, the composition and duties of the State organs and the principles of their activity—are run through with the *Juche* idea and generalize the successes and experiences gained by translating the *Juche* idea into reality.

The characteristic feature of the Socialist Constitution lies, first of all, in the fact that it is a most popular constitution for the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The Socialist Constitution of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a most popular Constitution for the benefit of the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals."

The new Socialist Constitution declares:

"The sovereignty of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea rests with the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals."

Our State takes it as its most important mission to defend and protect the interests of the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals who have been emancipated from exploitation and oppression once and for all.

The Socialist Constitution of the Republic reflects in an all-round and correct way the superiority of the socialist system of our country which the world people envy so much. Therefore, it is a most advanced and most popular socialist Constitution in the world.

Fully reflected in it is the demand of the *Juche* idea that the political rights and freedom of the masses of the people, the masters of the revolution and construction, should be guaranteed to the maximum so they may enhance their independence and creativeness in every way. It is associated with the paternal love and solicitude of the fatherly Leader who is making all efforts to bring a happier and hope-filled life to our people.

All this bespeaks that our Socialist Constitution is a truly excellent Constitution and a democratic Constitution of the highest form for the workers, peasants and other working people.

Its essential characteristics and superiority lie in the fact that it is the most revolutionary Constitution.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of a scientific analysis of the mission and role of the Socialist Constitution and a deep-going penetration into the peculiarities and demand of the State in the period of transition, propounded an original theory that the Socialist Constitution should perform the educational and mobilizing function as well as the function of control, and taught that the Socialist Constitution should not refer mainly to the State structure but lay down all the principles governing activities in the political, economic and cultural fields in socialist society.

Our Socialist Constitution brilliantly embodies this great theory and line of the Leader.

Thus, the new Socialist Constitution serves as a sharp weapon of the proletarian dictatorship to defend the policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic and firmly safeguard the gains of the socialist revolution, as a powerful means of giving a strong impetus to the socialist economic construction and of revolutionizing and working-classizing the whole society by intensifying the ideological and cultural revolutions and establishing the socialist mode of life.

This shows that the new Constitution of our country is an educational and mobilizing Constitution for consolidating the victory of socialism and accelerating socialist and communist construction.

It is one of the important, essential characteristics of our Constitution which is different from the constitutions which refer mainly to the State structure and power and rights; it is the originality and tremendous superiority of our Constitution.

The Socialist Constitution of our country is a truly revolutionary and advanced Constitution embodying the Leader's *Juche*-based idea of State construction in a comprehensive way.

Especially the system of President which is defined in it is a genuinely revolutionary system of State political guidance. This makes it possible to thoroughly establish the monolithic ideological system of the Party in the organization and activity of the State organs and in the over-all work of revolution and construction. The newly defined State structure is a most revolutionary and original State structure for strengthening in every way the Party's leadership and democratic centralism and enhancing the function and role of the State organs as a weapon of the revolution and construction.

Indeed, the new Socialist Constitution authored in person by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is a new type of Constitution embodying his immortal *Juche* idea. It is a most revolutionary Constitution fully reflecting the attitude of master towards the revolution and construction in one's country and the revolutionary spirit of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence; it is a most popular Constitution thoroughly protecting the interests of the workers, peasants and other working people; it is a most patriotic Constitution reflecting the aspiration and desire of the entire Korean people to reject the outside forces and achieve the complete reunification and independence of the country on a democratic basis and reflecting the lofty spirit of loving the country and the nation, and it thoroughly protects the interests of all the overseas citizens. Our Constitution is a most internationalist Constitution in which the steadfast anti-imperialist stand and infinite fidelity to the international revolutionary cause of the working class are manifested.

Our Socialist Constitution is a model of new type of socialist Constitution which liquidates completely the old capitalist remnants in Constitution.

(3)

The Socialist Constitution of the Republic has a tremendous significance.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"With the institution of the Socialist Constitution, the Government of the Republic will have a new weapon of the proletarian dictatorship and our people will be provided with a sure legal guarantee in the struggle to achieve the complete victory of socialism and the independent, peaceful reunification of the country."

With the enforcement of the new Socialist Constitution, a new change will be effected in the political, economic and cultural life of our people and the people will more deeply realize the correctness of the revolutionary lines put forward by the Leader and forge ahead more dynamically along the road of victory of socialism and communism.

The adoption of the new Socialist Constitution and its enforcement will powerfully inspire the south Korean people in the struggle for the democratization of society and the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The Socialist Constitution authored by the Leader is a stern indictment exposing and denouncing the reactionary character and anti-popular character of the capitalist system; it is a beacon of revolution inspiring the struggle of the world revolutionary people for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism.

The institution of the new Constitution is of tremendous significance in the development of the Marxist-Leninist theory of law.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made an undying contribution to the development of the theory of socialist law onto a higher stage by personally drafting the Socialist Constitution of our country.

The great Leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of the immortal *Juche* idea, saw that the new Constitution set all the principles governing the political, economic and cultural activities in socialist society, and thus solved correctly the question of the guiding idea to be adhered to in instituting and executing the Socialist Constitution and newly expounded the stand and principles to be maintained in it.

With the institution of the new Constitution based on the immortal *Juche* idea by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, we have come to have the *Juche*-based theory of law which has reached the highest stage in the development of the Marxist-Leninist theory of law and have the most typical Socialist Constitution for the working class.

Han Dok